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#### Issuer

# **Ichigo Green Infrastructure Investment Corporation (9282)**

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## Asset Management Company

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# **Acquisition of Thirteen Solar Power Plants**

The Ichigo Green Infrastructure Investment Corporation ("the Ichigo Green Infrastructure Fund" or "the Fund") today completed its acquisition of thirteen solar power plants as detailed in its October 2016 new share issuance prospectus.

Because the seller of the Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii ECO Power Plant is a related party as defined in the Investment Trust and Investment Corporation Law of Japan (the "Investment Law"), the Fund's asset manager, Ichigo Investment Advisors ("IIA"), has obtained the necessary consent, pursuant to Article 201 Paragraph 2 of the Investment Law, from the Fund's directors at a board meeting held on October 24, 2016. Furthermore, acquisition of the remaining twelve solar power plants is considered a related party transaction under IIA's internal rules on related-party transactions, and therefore IIA has obtained the necessary consent, pursuant to its internal rules, from the Fund's directors at the same board meeting held on October 24, 2016.

## I. Acquisition Rationale

The Fund primarily invests in renewable energy power plants, taking full advantage of Ichigo's track record and expertise in renewable energy production. The mission of the Fund is to provide stable long-term returns for investors while contributing to the development of Japan's sustainable society. Today's acquisition of thirteen solar power plants will support the Fund in its goal to maximize shareholder value with a portfolio that offers both return stability via long-term, stable cash flows and growth potential.

Unlike fossil fuels, renewable energy sources do not emit greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide and therefore the expansion of renewable energy contributes to reducing global greenhouse gas emissions. The Fund offers investors an opportunity to invest in the significant and rapidly expanding green infrastructure asset class, and the growth of the Fund is expected to support the development of Japan's capital markets while contributing to Japan's energy self-sufficiency.

# II. Acquired Solar Power Plant Summary

No.	Name of ECO Power Plant	Appraisal Value (JPY million) <sup>1</sup>	Acquisition Price <sup>2</sup> (JPY million)	Panel Output <sup>3</sup> (MW)	Feed-In Tariff (FIT) <sup>4</sup> (JPY/kWh)
E-01	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa	437 to 571	489	1.33	40
E-02	Ichigo Motomombetsu	443 to 579	495	1.40	40
E-03	Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira	421 to 551	467	1.25	40
E-04	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa	341 to 446	398	1.12	40
E-05	Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi	425 to 558	471	1.24	40
E-06	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka	658 to 869	770	1.93	40
E-07	Ichigo Abira Toasa	383 to 505	441	1.17	40
E-08	Ichigo Toyokoro	382 to 505	434	1.03	40
E-09	Ichigo Nago Futami	3,135 to 4,155	3,425	8.44	40
E-10	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi	400 to 529	464	1.24	40
E-11	Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii	959 to 1,289	1,124	2.43	36
E-12	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho	464 to 616	517	1.44	36
E-13	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama	430 to 571	523	1.80	32
Total		8,878 to 11,744	10,018	25.83	38.8

A. Contract Date October 24, 2016
B. Closing Date December 1, 2016

C. Seller Please refer to Section IV

D. Financing Method Proceeds from new share issuance, cash-on-hand,<sup>5</sup>

and debt<sup>6</sup>

E. Settlement Method Lump-sum payment

<sup>1</sup> Appraisal Value is from the Valuation Report that PwC Sustainability has produced for each solar power plant at the request of the Fund and pursuant to the Investment Law, rules set by the Investment Trusts Association, Japan, and the bylaws of the Fund.

<sup>2</sup> Acquisition price excludes incidental expenses such as property, city planning, and consumption taxes. This applies throughout this document.

<sup>3</sup> Panel Output is derived by multiplying the maximum output of a single solar panel, taken from the Technical Report produced by E&E Solutions, by the total number of panels, and truncated to the nearest hundredth. Therefore, the sum of panel output for each solar power plant does not match the total panel output for the entire portfolio. The actual panel output is the smaller of the photovoltaic module capacity and the inverter capacity. This applies throughout this document.

<sup>4</sup> Feed-In Tariff (FIT) excludes consumption and local taxes as indicated in the respective Power Purchase Agreements for each solar power plant. The Feed-In Tariff (FIT) Total is a weighted average based on each plant's panel output.

<sup>5</sup> For details, please refer to the October 24, 2016 release "Issuance of New Shares and Secondary Share Offering" and the November 21, 2016 release "Issue Price for New Share Issuance."

<sup>6</sup> For details, please refer to today's release "Notice of New Loans and Interest Rate Swap."

# III. Acquired Solar Power Plant Details

Details of each solar power plant are shown in the following tables.

# Definitions of Terms and Notes for the Following Tables

- A. Summary of Power Purchase Agreements describes the specific agreement for each solar power plant. Price (i.e. Feed-in Tariff) excludes consumption and local taxes.
- B. Location refers to the registered address of the land on which each solar power plant has been built.

#### C. Land

- 1. Street Address is the registered street address.
- 2. Area is the registered area and may not match the actual area.
- 3. Property Right refers to the specific type of right the Fund holds with respect to the land on which each solar power plant has been built.

## D. Equipment

- 1. Certification Date refers to the date on which each solar power plant has been certified.
- 2. Production Start Date refers to the date on which each solar power plant commenced energy production, excluding any test runs, and began supplying energy in accordance with respective power purchase agreements.
- 3. Remaining FIT Period refers to the difference between the acquisition date and the last day of the power procurement period for each respective solar power plant, truncated to the nearest month.
- 4. Last Day of FIT period refers to the day on which the FIT period ends for each respective solar power plant.
- 5. FIT (Purchase Price) refers to the electric utility operator's purchase price for the electricity produced by each solar power plant (i.e., the solar power plant's electricity sale price), excluding consumption and local taxes.
- 6. Property Right refers to the specific type of right the Fund holds with respect to the solar power equipment.
- 7. Panel Type refers to the type of photovoltaic module for each solar power plant and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- 8. Number of Panels refers to the number of photovoltaic modules used in each solar power plant and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- 9. Panel Maker refers to the manufacturer of the photovoltaic modules used in each solar power plant and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- 10. Power Conditioner Supplier refers to the manufacturer of the power conditioners used in each solar power plant and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- 11. EPC (Engineering, Procurement, and Construction) Contractor refers to the company contracted to work on the construction of each solar power plant.
- 12. Power Output refers to the smaller of the photovoltaic module capacity and the invertor capacity of each solar power plant and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.

- 13. Power Factor Control in Grid Connection refers to the power factor control value in connecting to the grid and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- 14. Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization refers to the expected annual utilization rate of the total production capacity at each solar power plant shown as a probability of exceedance (P-50) derived from a statistical analysis of 20 years of daylight data from nearby meteorological offices and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions. Specifically, the projected values for the first year, 10<sup>th</sup> year, and 20<sup>th</sup> year of operation are shown. This applies throughout this document.
- 15. Projected Annual Energy Production refers to the expected annual energy production at each solar power plant shown as a probability of exceedance (P-50) derived from a statistical analysis of 20 years of daylight data from the relevant meteorological offices and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions. Specifically, the projected values for the first year, 10<sup>th</sup> year, and 20<sup>th</sup> year of operation are shown. This applies throughout this document.
- 16. Solar Module Array Structure refers to the structure of photovoltaic modules on the mounting racks and is based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.
- E. The Fund has contracts in place with Ichigo ECO Energy to operate each solar power plant.
- F. The Fund has contracts in place with maintenance service providers for each solar power plant.
- G. Items of Special Note includes information that is considered important with respect to the rights, operation, appraisal, profitability, and disposal of each solar power plant, and is as of December 1, 2016.
- H. Lease Details show a summary of the terms contained within the solar power plant lease contracts and project contracts that the Fund has executed as of today.
- I. Valuation Report Details shows a summary of the valuation reports for each solar power plant produced by PwC Sustainability at the request of the Fund pursuant to the Investment Law, rules set by the Investment Trusts Association, Japan, and the bylaws of the Fund. PwC Sustainability does not have any capital, personnel, or business relationship of note with the Fund or with its asset manager.
- J. The Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunji Nii Real Estate Appraisal Report shows a summary of the content of the real estate appraisal report produced by Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal at the request of the Fund and pursuant to the Act on Real Estate Appraisal, real estate appraisal standards, and the considerations with respect to using such standards set by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism. Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal does not have any capital, personnel, or business relationship of note with the Fund or with its asset manager.
- K. Meteorological Details show the meteorological conditions of each solar power plant and is produced based on the technical report produced by E&E Solutions, the valuation reports produced by PwC Sustainability, the real estate appraisal reports produced by Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal, and in certain cases information that has been directly obtained by the Fund's asset manager. This item does not reflect any changes in meteorological conditions after the publication of each respective source.

L. Prior Years Earnings include figures and information for each solar power as received from previous owners. Electric Power Generation is the value measured as of each month's metering day and is based on the Notice of Purchased Power published by the purchasing electric utility operator. Operating Revenue is calculated as the product of power generation measured as of each month's metering day and the relevant procurement price (excluding taxes), plus any rental income and insurance premium received. Operating Expense is the sum of depreciation, maintenance fees, electricity bills, telecommunication fees, repair fees, insurance premium payments, taxes, outsourcing fees, and any other fee related to the operation of the solar power facility. Operating Profit is the difference of operating revenue and operating expense for each solar power plant.

Prior Years Earnings have not been calculated using J-GAAP and may be based on expense assumptions, accounting standards, and other assumptions that differ from those used by the Fund. As such, Prior Years Earnings may vary significantly from future power generation, operating revenue, and operating expenses, and should not be taken as any measure or guarantee of future performance. Furthermore, Prior Years Earnings are un-audited and presented as received from the previous owners, and therefore may be incomplete and inaccurate.

# Individual Solar Power Plant Details

E-01	Ichigo Kiryu (	Okuzawa ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition Date		December 1, 2016	Type		Solar Power Plant		
		IDV 490MM		Renewable Supplier	Energy	Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK	
Acquisition F	rice	JPY 489MM	Power	Electric Util (Power Purc	lity Operator chaser)	TEPCO Energy Partner	
		IDV 427MM 4- IDV	Power Purchase	FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 40 kWh	
Appraisal Value (Appraisal Date)		JPY 437MM to JPY 571MM (August 31, 2016)	Agreement	Last Day of FIT		The day immediately before the first metering day 240 months after September 30, 2013	
(прринант	oute)	(Flagust 31, 2010)				(inclusive)	
Location		Aza-Nikko, Okuzawa, Niisato	ocho, Kiryu, G	unma			
	Street Address	613-4		Panel Type		Single-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	27,588.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of l	Panels	5,334	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Toshiba	
	Certification Date	February 14, 2013		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
			_	EPC Contra		Kokko Shisetsu Kogyo	
	Production	September 30, 2013		Power Output Power Factor Control in		1.00 MW	
	Start Date			Grid Connection		100%	
	Remaining	16 years and 9 months	Equipment	Equipment	Projected Power	First Year	13.66%
Egyimmant	FIT Period	10 years and 9 mondis		Generation Capacity Utilization	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.98%	
Equipment	Last Day of	Contombor 20, 2022			20th year	12.29%	
	FIT Period	September 29, 2033		Projected	First Year	1,595.784 MWh	
	Property	F 1 11		Annual Energy	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,515.994 MWh	
	Right	Freehold		Production	20th Year	1,436.205 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Concrete Foundation	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider Kokko Shisetsu Ko					
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		utility operators and power pr interest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liability	sks such as operational risk, market trends, macroeconomic conditions, demand trends of electrality operators and power producers, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory change risk, conflicts of the rest, risks pertaining to the Fund's asset manager simultaneously managing other funds, and as the pertaining to the liability associated with renewable energy facilities are controlled and anaged appropriately in accordance with the Fund's risk management policy.				

Social	Contribution

This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

# Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Kiryu City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, prior written consent of the landowner (Kiryu City) must be obtained if the owner of the solar power plant wishes to sell or sublease all or part of such plant, or wishes to sell or lease the leasehold rights to a third party. Kiryu City has provided its consent with respect to the sale of this power plant to the Fund.

■ Lease De	■ Lease Details					
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK					
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to September 29, 2033					
Lease Fee	1. The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").  The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.  Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa ECO Power Plant produced by E&E Solutions.  PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.  Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:  (1) Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility  (2) Fees paid to the operator of this solar power facility has been built  (4) Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder  (5) Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)  (6) Taxes  (7) In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.					

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1=PP\*x1

- x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.
- Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.
- 3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

- Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.
- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator, which purchases the power plant's electricity, occurs then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Details					
Plant Name	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzav	va ECO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 437MM to JPY	571MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
Discount Rate (WACC)	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2011 and the cost of debt during the appraisal period				
Appraisal Value	JPY 571MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR) 6.0%		Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value JPY 437MM		Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A			

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Kiryu

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Kiryu

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Maebashi

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Kiryu are 2,054.9 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Kiryu is 15 m/s recorded on March 1, 1978, compared to the maximum for Japan of 21.8 m/s recorded on February 16, 2014.

## Snow Fall Depth

Snow fall is not recorded in Kiryu. The typical snow fall depth in neighboring Maebashi, however, is 10cm with the maximum recorded depth since 1962 being 73cm recorded in 2014.

#### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced more than 6,001 individual lightning strikes and 121 to 160 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	139,922	170,746	97,226	136,855	105,029	96,132
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,596,880	6,829,840	4,877,771	5,474,200	4,201,160	3,845,280
Operating Expense (yen)	2,966,107	3,020,195	4,688,028	3,129,681	2,597,792	3,273,403
Operating Profit (yen)	2,630,773	3,809,645	189,743	2,344,519	1,603,368	571,877
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	112,490	146,842	143,419	174,624	170,498	172,154
Operating Revenue (yen)	4,499,600	5,873,680	5,736,760	6,984,960	6,819,920	6,886,160
Operating Expense (yen)	2,619,352	3,248,824	3,320,132	2,581,825	2,578,996	2,578,792
Operating Profit (yen)	1,880,248	2,624,856	2,416,628	4,403,135	4,240,924	4,307,368

E-02	Ichigo Motom	ombetsu ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition Date		December 1, 2016	Туре			Solar Power Plant	
Acquisition Price		JPY 495MM		Renewable Energy Supplier		Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK	
					ity Operator	Hokkaido Electric Power	
			Power Purchase	(Power Purc		Company JPY 40 kWh	
Appraisal Value		JPY 443MM to JPY 579MM	Agreement	Last Day of FIT		The day immediately before the first metering day 240 months after	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)		Last Day of F11		February 3, 2014 (inclusive)	
Location		Motomombetsu, Mombetsu	City, Hokkaido				
	Street Address	43-7		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	48,946.89 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of Panels		5,600	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.	
	Certification			Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
	Date	July 4, 2012		EPC Contractor		Toko Electrical Construction	
	Production		Power Out			1.00 MW	
	Start Date	February 3, 2014	Equipment	Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		100%	
	Remaining	17 years and 2 months		Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	12.99%	
Equipment	FIT Period	17 years and 2 months			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.34%	
	Last Day of	D. 1 2 2024			20th year	11.69%	
	FIT Period	February 2, 2034		Projected	First Year	1,592.485 MWh	
	Property	Freehold		Annual Energy Production	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,512.861 MWh	
	Right	ricelloid			20th Year	1,433.237 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Spiral-Reinforced Concrete	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO EnergyMaintenance Service ProviderTK Techno Service					
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risk utility operators and power p interest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liabilit managed appropriately in acc	roducers, credit ne Fund's asset y associated wi	risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilitio	ory change risk, conflicts of naging other funds, and es are controlled and	

Social Contribution

This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

## Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Mombetsu City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the adjacent land, there is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

Lease Details					
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK				
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to February 2, 2034				
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Motomombetsu ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>				

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2: Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2 : Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used. R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased
Property	property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such
Purchase	termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder
Option	immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Detail	ls				
Plant Name	Ichigo Motomomber	Ichigo Motomombetsu ECO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 443MM to JPY	579MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
Discount Rate (WACC)	ACC)  A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 20 and the cost of debt during the appraisal period				
Appraisal Value	JPY 579MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR) 6.0%		Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value JPY 443MM		Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A			

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Mombetsu

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Mombetsu

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Abashiri

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Mombetsu are 1,726.8 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

### Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Mombetsu is 28.3 m/s recorded on September 17, 1961, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 40.0 m/s recorded on September 8, 2004.

## Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Mombetsu is 59cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 121cm recorded in 2004.

## **Lightning Strikes**

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 501 to 1,500 individual lightning strikes and 41~80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings							
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015	
Power Generation (kWh)	183,120	149,460	148,350	134,780	69,730	73,150	
Operating Revenue (yen)	7,324,800	5,978,400	5,934,000	5,391,200	2,789,200	2,926,000	
Operating Expense (yen)	2,674,063	2,636,477	3,238,339	2,639,625	2,642,358	2,641,611	
Operating Profit (yen)	4,650,737	3,341,923	2,695,661	2,751,575	146,842	284,389	
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016	
Power Generation (kWh)	21,930	61,800	177,050	152,330	193,910	162,000	
Operating Revenue (yen)	877,200	2,472,000	7,082,000	6,093,200	7,756,400	6,480,000	
Operating Expense (yen)	2,608,077	2,647,593	2,704,939	2,689,449	2,739,528	2,719,955	
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E-03	Ichigo Murora	an Hatchodaira ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Type			Solar Power Plant	
Acquisition Price		JPY 467MM		Renewable Supplier	Energy	Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK	
			Power		ity Operator	Hokkaido Electric Power	
			Purchase	(Power Purc		Company	
Appraisal Value		JPY 421MM to JPY 551MM	Agreement	FIT (Purcha	·	JPY 40 kWh The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)				day 240 months after March 3, 2014 (inclusive)	
Location		3 Chome, Hatchodaira, Muro	oran City, Hokk	aido			
	Street Address	43-2		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	35,801.00 m <sup>2</sup> (Note)		Number of I	Panels	4,984	
	Form of	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy	
	Right					Holding Co. Ltd.	
	Certification	February 15, 2013		Invertor Supplier EPC Contractor		Fuji Electric	
	Date		_			Toko Electric	
	Production Start Date	March 3, 2014		Power Output Power Factor Control Grid Connection		1.00 MW 100%	
	Remaining	17 years and 3 months	Equipment	Projected Power	First Year	13.56%	
	FIT Period	17 years and 3 months		Generation Capacity Utilization	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.88%	
Equipment	Last Day of				20th year	12.20%	
	FIT Period	March 2, 2034		Projected	First Year	1,479.687 MWh	
	Property	Evahald		Annual Energy Production	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,405.703 MWh	
	Right	Freehold			20 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,331.719 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Spiral-Reinforced Concrete	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider TK Techno Service					
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational ris utility operators and power p interest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liability managed appropriately in ac	producers, credit ne Fund's asset ty associated wi	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilition	ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and	

Social Contribution  This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence of energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhous gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.
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# Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Muroran City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
  - (Note) Although part of adjacent land owned by Muroran City, the leaseholder, has been included in the lease to the leaseholder, Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira GK, so that it can build three electric poles, this additional land has not been included in the lease land area.

■ Lease De	■ Lease Details				
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK				
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to March 2, 2034				
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>				

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2=PP\*mx2+MC+MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties  Method for  Contract	N/A N/A
Renewal	13/71

■ Valuation Report Details					
Plant Name	Ichigo Muroran Hato	chodaira ECO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 421MM to JPY	551MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
		A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period			
Appraisal Value	JPY 551MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value	JPY 421MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A			

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Muroran

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Muroran

# Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Muroran are 1,725.2 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

### Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Muroran is 37.2 m/s recorded on September 26, 1954, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 55.0 m/s recorded on September 26, 1954.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Muroran is 26cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 54cm recorded in 2005.

## **Lightning Strikes**

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 501 to 1,500 individual lightning strikes and 41 to 80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings							
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015	
Power Generation (kWh)	160,000	123,330	131,170	140,330	86,900	71,480	
Operating Revenue (yen)	6,400,000	4,933,200	5,246,800	5,613,200	3,476,000	2,859,200	
Operating Expense (yen)	4,552,704	2,469,462	2,541,897	3,370,392	2,473,268	2,475,182	
Operating Profit (yen)	1,847,296	2,463,738	2,704,903	2,242,808	1,002,732	384,018	
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016	
Power Generation (kWh)	58,260	99,070	165,880	158,890	177,780	123,650	
Operating Revenue (yen)	2,330,400	3,962,800	6,635,200	6,355,600	7,111,200	4,946,000	
Operating Expense (yen)	2,436,107	2,416,576	2,571,769	2,563,148	2,552,288	2,859,054	
Operating Profit (yen)	-105,707	1,546,224	4,063,431	3,792,452	4,558,912	2,086,946	

E-04	Ichigo Engaru	Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant				T
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Type			Solar Power Plant
Acquisition Price		JPY 398MM		Renewable l Supplier Electric Util	Energy ity Operator	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant GK Hokkaido Electric Power
			Power	(Power Purc	•	Company
			Purchase	FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 40 kWh
Appraisal Value		JPY 341MM to JPY 446MM	Agreement	Last Day of	FIT	The day immediately before the first metering day 240 months after
(Appraisal I	Jate)	(August 31, 2016)				March 4, 2014 (inclusive)
Location		Kiyokawa, Engarucho, Mom	betsu Gun, Hol	kkaido		
	Street Address	57-1, 58-1		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon
Land	Area	27,164.16 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	4,480
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.
	Certification	March 4, 2013		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric
	Date			EPC Contractor		Nippon Densetsu Kogyo
	Production			Power Output		1.00 MW (Note)
	Start Date	March 4, 2014	- Equipment	Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		100%
	Remaining	17 years and 3 months		Projected Power	First Year	12.82%
г	FIT Period			Generation	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.18%
Equipment	Last Day of	March 2 2024		Capacity Utilization	20th year	11.53%
	FIT Period	March 3, 2034		Projected	First Year	1,257.442 MWh
	Property	Freehold		Annual Energy	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,194.570 MWh
	Right	Freehold		Production	20th Year	1,131.698 MWh
				Solar Modul Structure	le Array	SEP Single Foundation
Collateral None					T	
-		Ichigo ECO Energy				
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risl utility operators and power p interest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liabilit managed appropriately in acc	roducers, credit te Fund's asset y associated wi	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilitio	ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and

Social Contribution	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on
	energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the
Social Contribution	development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse
	gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

Items of Special Note

• While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the adjacent land, the southern neighbor is a waterway and the western neighbor is a road owned by the public sector. It is difficult to determine boundaries and no issues are identified by the landowner (City of Engaru). There is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

(Note) Power output is suspended at 0.86MW although the capacity is 1.0MW.

■ Lease Details				
Leaseholder	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant GK			
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to March 3, 2034			
Lease Fee	1. The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").  The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.  Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant produced by E&E Solutions.  PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.  Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:  (1) Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility  (2) Fees paid to the operator of this solar power facility has been built  (4) Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder  (5) Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)  (6) Taxes  (7) In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.			

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2: Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract	N/A N/A
Renewal	N/A

■ Valuation Report Details					
Plant Name	Ichigo Engaru Kiyok	xawa ECO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 341MM to JPY	446MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period			
Appraisal Value	JPY 446MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value	JPY 341MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A			

# **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Engaru

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Engaru

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Abashiri

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Engaru are 1,671.0 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

### Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Engaru is 16.0 m/s recorded on September 1, 1987, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 26.9 m/s recorded on March 21, 2010.

# Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Engaru is 85cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1985 is 156cm recorded in 2004.

#### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1,501 to 3,000 individual lightning strikes and 41 to 80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings							
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015	
Power Generation (kWh)	146,462	113,501	117,029	116,750	59,423	59,967	
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,858,480	4,540,040	4,681,160	4,670,000	2,376,920	2,398,680	
Operating Expense (yen)	2,451,195	1,961,387	1,960,669	2,035,849	1,965,201	1,966,090	
Operating Profit (yen)	3,407,286	2,578,654	2,720,492	2,634,152	411,720	432,591	
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016	
Power Generation (kWh)	15,408	52,965	137,781	129,537	153,529	129,946	
Operating Revenue (yen)	616,320	2,118,600	5,511,240	5,181,480	6,141,160	5,197,840	
Operating Expense (yen)	2,628,592	1,905,359	1,945,888	1,938,859	2,325,534	1,964,255	
Operating Profit (yen)	-2,012,272	213,241	3,565,352	3,242,621	3,815,626	3,233,585	

E-05	Ichigo Iyo Na	ıkayamacho Izubuchi ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition I	December 1, 2016		Туре		Solar Power Plant		
Acquisition Price		JPY 471MM		Renewable Supplier	Energy	Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK	
			Power		ity Operator	Shikoku Electric Power	
			Purchase	(Power Purc		Company	
Appraisal Value		JPY 425MM to JPY 558MM	Agreement	FIT (Purchase Price)  Last Day of FIT		JPY 40 kWh The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal l	Date)	(August 31, 2016)				day 240 months after April 2, 2014 (inclusive)	
Location		Izubuchi, Nakayamacho, Iyo	City, Ehime				
	Street Address	2-249-1		Panel Type		Single-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	26,260.77 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	4,956	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Toshiba	
	Certification	July 11, 2012		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
	Date		_	EPC Contractor		Kokko Shisetsu Kogyo	
	Production Start Date	April 2, 2014		Power Output Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		1.00 MW 92%	
	Remaining	17 years and 4 months	Equipment	Projected Power	First Year	13.44%	
	FIT Period	17 years and 4 months		Generation	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.77%	
Equipment	Last Day of	April 1, 2034		Capacity Utilization	20th year	12.10%	
	FIT Period			Projected	First Year	1,459.011 MWh	
	Property	Eroshold		Annual Energy	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,386.061 MWh	
	Right	Freehold		Production	20 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,313.110 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Concrete Foundation	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy		Service Provi		Kokko Shisetsu Kogyo	
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risk, market trends, macroeconomic conditions, demand trends of electric utility operators and power producers, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory change risk, conflicts of interest, risks pertaining to the Fund's asset manager simultaneously managing other funds, and risks pertaining to the liability associated with renewable energy facilities are controlled and managed appropriately in accordance with the Fund's risk management policy.				ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and	

Social	Contribution

This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

# Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Iyo City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the northern adjacent land, there is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

■ Lease De	■ Lease Details					
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK					
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to April 1, 2034					
Lease Fee	1. The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").  The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.  Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi ECO Power Plant produced by E&E Solutions.  PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.  Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:  (1) Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility  (2) Fees paid to the operator of this solar power facility has been built  (4) Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder  (5) Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)  (6) Taxes  (7) In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.					

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2=PP\*mx2+MC+MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.

5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract Renewal	N/A N/A

■ Valuation Report Details				
Plant Name	Ichigo Iyo Nakayama	acho Izubuchi ECO Power Plant		
Appraisal Value	JPY 425MM to JPY	558MM		
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period		
Appraisal Value	JPY 558MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value	JPY 425MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A		

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Nagahama

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Nagahama

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Matsuyama

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Nagahama are 1,904.5 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Nagahama is 26.0 m/s recorded on October 20, 2004, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 28.1 m/s recorded on May 1, 2011.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Matsuyama is 2cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 14cm recorded in 1984, and therefore has a relatively low risk of snow.

### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 3,001 to 6,000 individual lightning strikes and 121 to 160 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	146,774	129,057	121,239	145,084	64,460	81,275
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,871,585	5,162,280	4,849,560	5,803,360	2,578,400	3,251,000
Operating Expense (yen)	2,145,451	2,649,681	2,164,442	2,164,734	2,195,409	2,165,069
Operating Profit (yen)	3,726,134	2,512,599	2,685,118	3,638,626	382,991	1,085,931
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	35,370	99,580	140,470	159,166	131,414	124,545
Operating Revenue (yen)	1,414,800	3,983,200	5,618,800	6,366,640	5,256,560	4,981,800
Operating Expense (yen)	2,129,109	2,115,534	3,035,779	2,140,025	3,037,918	2,160,699
Operating Profit (yen)	-714,309	1,867,666	2,583,021	4,226,615	2,218,642	2,821,101

E-06	Ichigo Nakash	hibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Туре		Solar Power Plant		
Acquisition Price		JPY 770MM		Renewable E Supplier		Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant GK	
					ity Operator	Hokkaido Electric Power	
			Power	(Power Purc		Company	
		JPY 658MM to JPY	Purchase	FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 40 kWh	
Appraisal Va	lue	869MM	Agreement			The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)		Last Day of	FIT	day 240 months after November 4, 2014 (inclusive)	
Location		3 Chome, Midorigaoka, Nal	kashibetsucho, S	hibetsu Gun, l	Hokkaido		
	Street Address	1-3		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	54,870.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	7,728	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.	
	Certification Date	February 19, 2013		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
				EPC Contractor		Toko Denki Kogyo	
	Production	November 4, 2014		Power Output		1.50 MW (Note)	
	Start Date			Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		100%	
	Remaining	17 years and 11 months	Equipment	Generation	First Year	13.48%	
F : ,	FIT Period				10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.80%	
Equipment	Last Day of			Capacity Utilization	20th year	12.13%	
	FIT Period	November 3, 2034		Projected Annual Energy	First Year	2,281.047 MWh	
	Property	Freehold			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,166.994 MWh	
	Right	rection		Production	20th Year	2,052.942 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Spiral-Reinforced Foundation	
Collateral None		None				Foundation	
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy	TK Techno Service				
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risutility operators and power	sk, market trends producers, credi	risk, liquidity	mic condition risk, regulate	s, demand trends of electric ory change risk, conflicts of	
		interest, risks pertaining to the Fund's asset manager simultaneously managing other funds, and risks pertaining to the liability associated with renewable energy facilities are controlled and managed appropriately in accordance with the Fund's risk management policy.					

	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on
	energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the
Social Contribution	development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse
	gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

# Items of Special Note

- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the southern adjacent land, no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release.
- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the southeastern adjacent land, there is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

(Note) Power output is suspended at 1.41MW although the capacity is 1.5MW.

■ Lease Details				
Leaseholder	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant GK			
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to November 3, 2034			
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>			

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1=PP\*x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2 : Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.

5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract Renewal	N/A N/A

■ Valuation Report Details				
Plant Name	Ichigo Nakashibetsu	Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant		
Appraisal Value	JPY 658MM to JPY	869MM		
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period		
Appraisal Value	JPY 869MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value	JPY 658MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A		

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Nakashibetsu

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Nakashibetsu

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Nemuro

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Nakashibetsu are 1,747.6 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Nakashibetsu is 17.2 m/s recorded on November 10, 2013, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 27.7 m/s recorded on November 10, 2013.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Nakashibetsu is 75cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1986 is 156cm recorded in 2015.

#### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 501 to 1,500 individual lightning strikes and 1 to 40 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings												
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015						
Power Generation (kWh)	225,970	184,350	173,740	212,680	134,620	180,800						
Operating Revenue (yen)	9,038,800	16,385,118	6,949,600	8,507,200	5,384,800	7,232,000						
Operating Expense (yen)	3,952,747	3,501,081	3,503,695	11,968,447	3,639,909	3,639,566						
Operating Profit (yen)	5,086,053	12,884,037	3,445,905	-3,461,247	1,744,891	3,592,434						
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016						
Power Generation (kWh)	157,070	215,470	267,470	206,890	250,050	181,420						
Operating Revenue (yen)	6,282,800	8,618,800	10,698,800	8,275,600	10,002,000	7,256,800						
Operating Expense (yen)	3,593,885	3,525,007	3,551,564	3,955,166	3,534,942	3,789,400						
Operating Profit (yen)	2,688,915	5,093,793	7,147,236	4,320,434	6,467,058	3,467,400						

E-07	Ichigo Abira T	Toasa ECO Power Plant						
Acquisition I	Date	e December 1, 2016 Type			Solar Power Plant			
Acquisition Price		JPY 441MM		Renewable Energy Supplier Electric Utility Operator (Power Purchaser)		Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK Hokkaido Electric Power Company		
Appraisal Value (Appraisal Date)		JPY 383MM to JPY	Power Purchase Agreement	FIT (Purchase Price)		JPY 40 kWh The day immediately		
		505MM (August 31, 2016)	Agreement	Last Day of FIT		before the first metering day 240 months after December 2, 2014 (inclusive)		
Location		Toasa, Abiracho, Yufutsu Gu	ın, Hokkaido	<u>-L</u>		(mores)		
	Street Address	691-3		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon		
Land	Area Form of Right	29,730.72 m² N/A		Number of Panels Panel Maker		4,576 Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.		
Equipment  I H	Certification Date	July 4, 2012		Invertor Supplier EPC Contractor		Toshiba Mitsubishi Electric Industrial Systems Nippon Densetsu Kogyo		
	Production Start Date	December 2, 2014		Power Output Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		1.00 MW 94%		
	Remaining	18 years	Equipment	Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	13.18%		
	FIT Period	10 years			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.52%		
	Last Day of FIT Period	December 1, 2034			20 <sup>th</sup> year	11.86%		
				Projected Annual Energy Production	First Year	1,346.904 MWh		
	Property	Freehold			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,279.559 MWh		
	Right				20 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,212.213 MWh		
				Solar Module Array Structure		SEP Single Foundation		
Collateral		None	1					
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider Nippon Densetsu Kogyo Risks such as operational risk, market trends, macroeconomic conditions, demand trends of electric utility operators and power producers, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory change risk, conflicts of interest, risks pertaining to the Fund's asset manager simultaneously managing other funds, and risks pertaining to the liability associated with renewable energy facilities are controlled and managed appropriately in accordance with the Fund's risk management policy.						

Social Contribution	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on
	energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the
	development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse
	gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.
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#### Items of Special Note

• With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Abira City, Yufutsu Gun), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.

■ Lease De	tails
Leaseholder	Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to December 1, 2034
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

- x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.
- Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.
- 3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

- Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.
- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract Renewal	N/A N/A

■ Valuation Report Details					
Plant Name	Ichigo Abira Toasa E	CCO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 383MM to JPY	505MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period			
Appraisal Value	JPY 505MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value	JPY 383MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by Appraisal	the Appraiser in its	N/A			

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Atsuma

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Atsuma

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight: Sapporo

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of depth of snow fall: Abira

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Atsuma are 1,707.9 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

## Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Atsuma is 17.0 m/s recorded on August 23, 1981, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 26.3 m/s recorded on March 21, 2010.

## Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Abira is 69cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1984 is 103cm recorded in 1996.

#### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1,501 to 3,000 individual lightning strikes and 41 to 80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	140,508	123,686	123,802	121,018	78,259	73,826
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,620,320	4,947,440	4,952,080	4,840,720	3,130,360	2,953,040
Operating Expense (yen)	2,248,148	2,704,978	2,357,482	2,355,123	2,452,404	2,395,191
Operating Profit (yen)	3,372,172	2,242,462	2,594,598	2,485,597	677,957	557,850
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	87,163	86,316	134,506	140,254	154,200	117,624
Operating Revenue (yen)	3,486,520	3,452,640	5,380,240	5,610,160	6,168,000	4,704,960
Operating Expense (yen)	2,352,835	2,283,098	2,357,891	2,306,838	2,330,263	2,324,380
Operating Profit (yen)	1,133,685	1,169,542	3,022,349	3,303,322	3,837,737	2,380,580

E-08	Ichigo Toyoko	oro ECO Power Plant						
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Type		Solar Power Plant			
Acquisition Price		JPY 434MM		Renewable Energy Supplier Electric Utility Operator		Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant GK Hokkaido Electric Power		
			Power	(Power Purc		Company JPY 40 kWh		
Appraisal Value (Appraisal Date)		JPY 382MM to JPY 505MM  (August 31, 2016)		Last Day of	,	The day immediately before the first metering day 240 months after December 4, 2014		
· 11	,					(inclusive)		
Location		Toyokoro, Toyokorocho, N	akagawa Gun, H	lokkaido				
	Street Address	473-1		Panel Type		Single-Crystal Silicon		
Land	Area	29,004.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	3,744		
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.		
	Certification Date	February 22, 2013		Invertor Supplier		Toshiba Mitsubishi Electric Industrial Systems		
			_	EPC Contractor		Nippon Densetsu Kogyo		
	Production	December 4, 2014		Power Output Power Factor Control in		1.00 MW (Note)		
	Start Date			Grid Connection		100%		
	Remaining FIT Period	18 years	Equipment	Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	14.59%		
<b>.</b>					10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.86%		
Equipment	Last Day of	December 3, 2034			20th year	13.13%		
	FIT Period			Projected	First Year	1,316.178 MWh		
	Property	Freehold		Annual Energy Production	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,250.370 MWh		
	Right				20th Year	1,184.561 MWh		
				Solar Module Array Structure		SEP Single Foundation (flat land) TIS.S Foundation (slope)		
Collateral		None	·					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy		Service Provi		Nippon Densetsu Kogyo		
-			producers, credit the Fund's asset	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilitio	es are controlled and		

Social Contribution	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.
Items of Special Note None	

(Note) Power output is suspended at 0.75MW although the capacity is 1.0MW.

■ Lease Details					
Leaseholder	Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant GK				
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to December 3, 2034				
Lease Fee	1. The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").  The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.  Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant produced by E&E Solutions.  PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.  Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:  (1) Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility  (2) Fees paid to the operator of this solar power facility has been built  (4) Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder  (5) Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)  (6) Taxes  (7) In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.				

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1 : Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

- x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.
- Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.
- 3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

- Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.
- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract Renewal	N/A N/A

■ Valuation Report Details					
Plant Name	Ichigo Toyokoro EC	O Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 382MM to JPY	505MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability				
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016				
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period			
Appraisal Value	JPY 505MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT			
Appraisal Value	JPY 382MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Other Factors Considered by Appraisal	the Appraiser in its	N/A			

# **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Urahoro

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Urahoro

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Obihiro

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Urahoro are 2,000.3 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Urahoro is 14.0 m/s recorded on April 20, 1995, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 22.2 m/s recorded on October 8, 2015.

# Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Urahoro is 53cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1986 is 85cm recorded in 2004.

## **Lightning Strikes**

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1 to 500 individual lightning strikes and 1 to 40 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	132,046	108,557	109,037	122,189	77,858	97,625
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,281,840	4,342,280	4,361,480	4,887,560	3,114,320	3,905,000
Operating Expense (yen)	1,982,758	1,960,961	2,397,869	1,963,482	1,912,593	1,999,587
Operating Profit (yen)	3,299,082	2,381,319	1,963,611	2,924,078	1,201,727	1,905,413
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	110,369	122,014	156,600	134,578	138,768	100,927
Operating Revenue (yen)	4,414,760	4,880,560	6,264,000	5,383,120	5,550,720	4,037,080
Operating Expense (yen)	1,969,566	2,495,512	1,942,254	1,927,979	1,926,093	1,904,992
Operating Profit (yen)	2,445,194	2,385,048	4,321,746	3,455,141	3,624,627	2,132,088

E-09	Ichigo Nago F	Futami ECO Power Plant						
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Туре			Solar Power Plant		
Acquisition Price		JPY 3,425MM		Renewable Energy Supplier		Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK		
Acquisition	Tice	JF 1 3,425WIWI	- Power	Electric Util (Power Purc	•	Okinawa Electric Power		
		IDV 2 125MM	Purchase	FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 40 kWh		
Appraisal Value (Appraisal Date)		JPY 3,135MM to JPY 4,155MM (August 31, 2016)	Agreement	Last Day of FIT		The day immediately before the first metering day 240 months after February 2, 2015 (inclusive)		
Location		Futami, Nago City, Okinawa						
	Street Address	240-19		Panel Type		Single-Crystal Silicon		
Land	Area	146,294.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	32,144		
Land	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Toshiba Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.		
	Certification	March 15, 2014		Invertor Supplier		Toshiba Mitsubishi Electric Industrial Systems		
	Date	·	Equipment	EPC Contractor		Toko Electric		
	Production			Power Output		6.50 MW		
	Start Date	February 2, 2015		Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		100%		
	Remaining FIT Period	18 years and 2 months		Projected Power	First Year	13.34%		
				Generation Capacity Utilization	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.67%		
Equipment	Last Day of	E-h1 2025			20th year	12.00%		
	FIT Period	February 1, 2035		Projected	First Year	9,865.414 MWh		
	Property	Freehold		Annual Energy	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	9,372.143 MWh		
	Right	Treemond		Production	20 <sup>th</sup> Year	8,878.873 MWh		
				Solar Module Array Structure		Steel Pipe Piles Foundation Concrete Foundation		
Collateral		None	<u> </u>			·		
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy	Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider			Okinawa Daiken		
Compliance Management		Risks such as operational risk utility operators and power printerest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liability managed appropriately in acc	roducers, credit e Fund's asset y associated wi	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilitio	ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and		

Social Contribution	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on
	energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the
	development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse
	gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

## Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Nago City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
- Ichigo Nago Futami ECO Power Plant GK owns an unregistered office building, used as an administrative office, within the solar power plant that will not be acquired by the Fund.
- The warranty on the photovoltaic modules supplied by Toshiba becomes invalid if the photovoltaic modules are sold or pledged as collateral.
- · A public road tunnel exists beneath the land on which this solar power plant has been built.

■ Lease De	■ Lease Details					
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK					
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to February 1, 2035					
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Nago Futami ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>					

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease Property Purchase Option	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties Method for Contract Renewal	N/A N/A

■ Valuation Report Detail	ls			
Plant Name	Ichigo Nago Futami	ECO Power Plant		
Appraisal Value	JPY 3,135MM to JP	IPY 3,135MM to JPY 4,155MM		
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period		
Appraisal Value	JPY 4,155MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value	JPY 3,135MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by Appraisal	the Appraiser in its	N/A		

# **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Nago

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Nago

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Naha

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Nago are 1,764.0 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Nago is 36.2 m/s recorded on May 28,2011, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 57.9 m/s recorded on September 4, 2002.

## Snow Fall Depth

There is no snow fall in Nago.

#### Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1,501 to 3,000 individual lightning strikes and 121 to 160 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	1,161,280	873,000	1,007,540	965,470	726,810	644,120
Operating Revenue (yen)	46,451,200	34,920,000	40,301,600	38,618,800	29,072,400	25,764,800
Operating Expense (yen)	13,597,495	13,611,300	13,615,867	13,615,664	13,614,299	13,622,617
Operating Profit (yen)	32,853,705	21,308,700	26,685,733	25,003,136	15,458,101	12,142,183
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	441,550	638,150	761,750	854,510	888,970	902,530
Operating Revenue (yen)	17,662,000	25,526,000	30,470,000	34,180,400	35,558,800	36,101,200
Operating Expense (yen)	15,506,074	15,601,946	15,670,586	16,522,045	15,841,617	15,851,623
Operating Profit (yen)	2,155,926	9,924,054	14,799,414	17,658,355	19,717,183	20,249,577

E-10	Ichigo Engaru	Higashimachi ECO Power Pla	nnt				
Acquisition I	Date	December 1, 2016	Type			Solar Power Plant	
Acquisition Price		JPY 464MM		Renewable Supplier	Energy	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant GK	
					ity Operator	Hokkaido Electric Power	
			Power Purchase	(Power Purc		Company JPY 40 kWh	
Appraisal Va	llue	JPY 400MM to JPY 529MM	Agreement	FII (Purcha	se Price)	The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)		Last Day of	FIT	day 240 months after February 3, 2015 (inclusive)	
Location		Higashimachi, Engarucho, M	lombetsu Gun,	Hokkaido			
	Street Address	9-2, 9-3, 9-4		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	46,329.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	4,872	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Yingli Green Energy Holding Co. Ltd.	
	Certification	February 15, 2013		Invertor Supplier		Hokkaido Fuji Electric	
	Date		Equipment	EPC Contractor		Toko Electrical Construction	
	Duodystion	uction Date February 3, 2015		Power Output		1.00 MW (Note)	
	Start Date			Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		100%	
	Remaining FIT Period	18 years and 2 months		Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	12.64%	
Equipment					10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.00%	
	Last Day of	7.1			20th year	11.37%	
	FIT Period	February 2, 2035		Projected Annual Energy	First Year	1,375.139 MWh	
	Property	Freehold			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,306.382 MWh	
	Right	Treehold		Production	20th Year	1,240.025 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Spiral-Reinforced Concrete	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy         Maintenance Service Provider         TK Techno Service					
Compliance Management		Risks such as operational risk utility operators and power printerest, risks pertaining to the risks pertaining to the liability managed appropriately in accounts.	roducers, credit e Fund's asset y associated wi	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilition	ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and	

gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.
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# Items of Special Note

While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the adjacent lands, the southern neighbor and the eastern neighbor are roads or rivers owned by the public sector. It is difficult to determine boundaries and no issues are identified by the landowner (City of Engaru). The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

(Note) Power output is suspended at 0.83MW although the capacity is 1.00MW.

■ Lease De	tails
Leaseholder	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant GK
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to February 2, 2035
Lease Fee	1. The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").  The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.  Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant produced by E&E Solutions.  PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 40 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.  Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:  (1) Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility  (2) Fees paid to the operator of this solar power facility has been built  (4) Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder  (5) Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)  (6) Taxes  (7) In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1=PP\*x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased
Property	property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such
Purchase	termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder
Option	immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Detail	s	
Plant Name	Ichigo Engaru Higas	himachi ECO Power Plant
Appraisal Value	JPY 400MM to JPY	529MM
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability	
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016	
		A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and August 2016) and the cost of debt during the appraisal period
Appraisal Value	JPY 529MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund
Discount Rate (IRR)	6.0%	Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT
Appraisal Value	JPY 400MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund
Other Factors Considered by Appraisal	the Appraiser in its	N/A

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Engaru

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Engaru

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Abashiri

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Engaru are 1,671.0 hours, which is less than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

## Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Engaru is 16.0 m/s recorded on September 1, 1987, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 26.9 m/s recorded on March 21, 2010.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Engaru is 85cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1985 is 156cm recorded in 2004.

## **Lightning Strikes**

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1,501 to 3,000 individual lightning strikes and 41 to 80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low to average risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	158,250	108,320	123,280	126,560	52,260	65,810
Operating Revenue (yen)	6,330,000	4,332,800	4,931,200	5,062,400	2,090,400	2,632,400
Operating Expense (yen)	1,880,687	1,995,303	1,997,020	1,998,755	2,004,363	2,004,569
Operating Profit (yen)	4,449,313	2,337,497	2,934,180	3,063,645	86,037	627,831
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	17,930	57,540	149,000	141,860	148,910	138,590
Operating Revenue (yen)	717,200	2,301,600	5,960,000	5,674,400	5,956,400	5,543,600
Operating Expense (yen)	2,291,808	2,630,791	2,360,714	2,317,309	2,337,673	2,367,448
Operating Profit (yen)	-1,574,608	-329,191	3,599,286	3,357,091	3,618,727	3,176,152

Acquisition I	Data	December 1, 2016	Type			Solar Power Plant	
Acquisition i	Jale	December 1, 2010	Туре	D 11.3	Г	Solai Powei Plaili	
Acquisition Price		JPY 1,124MM		Renewable Supplier		Ichigo ECO Energy	
Acquisition	TICC	JI 1 1,124WIWI			ity Operator	Shikoku Electric Power	
			Power	(Power Purc		Company	
		JPY 959MM	Purchase	FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 36 kWh	
Appraisal Va	lue	to JPY 1,289MM	Agreement			The day immediately before the first metering	
				Last Day of	FTT	day 240 months after June	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)				2, 2015 (inclusive)	
Location		Nii, Kokubunjicho, Takama	tsu City, Kagaw	a			
	Street Address	3793-146		Panel Type		Single-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	79,340.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	9,009	
	Form of Right	Freehold		Panel Make	r	JA Solar	
	Certification	February 20, 2014		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
	Date		_	EPC Contractor		Kotake Kogyo	
	Production	Production Start Date June 2, 2015		Power Output		2.00 MW (Note)	
	Start Date			Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		92%	
	Remaining FIT Period	18 years and 6 months	Equipment	Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	14.64%	
Equipment					10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.90%	
Equipment	Last Day of	June 1, 2035			20th year	13.17%	
	FIT Period	June 1, 2035		Projected	First Year	3,118.660 MWh	
	Property	Freehold		Annual Energy Production	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,962.727 MWh	
	Right				20th Year	2,806.794 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Concrete Foundation	
Collateral		None				,	
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy		Service Provi	Kotake Kogyo		
Compliance v Management		Risks such as operational ris utility operators and power interest, risks pertaining to t risks pertaining to the liabili	producers, credi he Fund's asset	t risk, liquidity manager simu	risk, regulato ltaneously ma	ory change risk, conflicts of naging other funds, and	

Social Contributi	on

This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

## Items of Special Note

- A lease contract exists, for part of the land on which this solar power plant has been built, with Softbank Mobile Corporation for the purpose of building a telecommunication tower and related ground equipment.
- An agreement exists, for part of the land on which this solar power plant has been built, with Softbank Mobile Corporation and NTT Docomo to enter the land for the purpose of construction and/or maintenance of a telecommunication tower and related ground equipment.
- An unregistered warehouse, used by Ichigo ECO Energy, exists on part of the land on which this solar power plant has been built, but the Fund will not acquire the warehouse.
- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the adjacent land, there is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.
  - Part of the land includes a mountain stream specified by Kagawa Prefecture as a hazardous area for mudslides.

(Note) Power output is suspended at 1.99MW although the capacity is 2.00MW.

■ Lease De	tails
Leaseholder	Ichigo ECO Energy
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to June 1, 2035
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 36 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1 : Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1=PP\*x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2: Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2=PP\*mx2+MC+MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

- 4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.
- 5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased
Property	property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such
Purchase	termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder
Option	immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Detail	ls			
Plant Name	Ichigo Takamatsu Ko	okubunjicho Nii ECO Power Plant		
Appraisal Value	JPY 959MM to JPY	1,289MM		
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective		
Appraisal Value	JPY 1,289MM Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund			
Discount Rate (IRR) 6.0% plants u		Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value JPY 959MM		Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A		

■ Real Estate Appraisal Rep	oort	
Plant Name	Ichigo Takamatsu Kok	rubunjicho Nii ECO Power Plant
Appraisal Value (Land) <sup>1</sup>	JPY 109MM	
Appraiser	Daiwa Real Estate App	praisal
Date of Appraisal	August 31, 2016	
	Amount	Note
Value via DCF Method (Equipment + Land) <sup>2</sup>	JPY 944MM	_
Discount Rate	5.5%	Based on transactions of similar and nearby J-REIT assets and the yields of financial assets with the asset's individual characteristics taken into account
Terminal Cap Rate 7.8%		Assessed taking into consideration the possibility of increased capex due to aging of the solar power plant, uncertainty of market prices for the land and power generation facilities, and marketability of the land at the time of termination of operation
Value via Cost Approach (Equipment + Land) <sup>2</sup>	JPY 855MM	_
Land Value as % of Total Value	11.5%	_
Notes		_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Appraisal Value is calculated by multiplying the Value via DCF Method by Land Value as % of Total Value.

#### **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Takamatsu

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Takamatsu

## Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Takamatsu are 2,053.9 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

## Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Takamatsu is 24.4 m/s recorded on September 26, 1954, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 39.5 m/s recorded on September 10, 1965.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Takamatsu is 2cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 19cm recorded in 1984.

## Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced more than 6,001 individual lightning strikes and 81 to 120 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Value via Cost Approach and the Value via DCF Method show total value of both the land and the equipment.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	311,350	263,830	228,460	309,580	142,060	201,970
Operating Revenue (yen)	11,212,100	9,501,380	8,652,098	11,148,380	5,117,660	7,274,420
Operating Expense (yen)	4,260,314	3,765,296	3,374,011	3,304,300	3,215,946	3,215,419
Operating Profit (yen)	6,951,786	5,736,084	5,278,067	7,844,080	1,901,714	4,059,001
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	153,790	223,530	289,290	303,980	312,190	257,860
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,539,940	8,050,580	10,417,940	10,943,280	11,238,840	9,282,960
Operating Expense (yen)	3,742,712	3,694,727	3,435,656	3,440,059	3,443,453	3,448,049
Operating Profit (yen)	1,797,228	4,355,853	6,982,284	7,503,221	7,795,387	5,834,911

E-12	Ichigo Miyako	onojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition Date		December 1, 2016	Type		Solar Power Plant		
Acquisition Price		JPY 517MM		Renewable Energy Supplier		Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK	
			Power Purchase	Electric Util	ity Operator chaser)	Kyushu Electric Power Company	
				FIT (Purcha	se Price)	JPY 36 kWh	
Appraisal Va	lue	JPY 464MM to JPY 616MM	Agreement	Last Day of	FIT	The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal I	Date)	(August 31, 2016)				day 240 months after July 8, 2015 (inclusive)	
Location		Yasuhisacho, Miyakonojo, l	Miyazaki				
	Street Address	4216-5		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	94,165.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	5,346	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		JA Solar	
	Certification Date	February 14, 2014		Invertor Supplier		Fuji Electric	
				EPC Contractor		Tohoku Sangyou Japan Benex Corporation	
	Production			Power Output		1.32 MW	
	Start Date	July 8, 2015		Power Factor Grid Connec		94%	
	Remaining	18 years and 7 months	Equipment	Projected Power	First Year	13.88%	
Equipment	FIT Period	16 years and 7 months		Generation Capacity Utilization	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.19%	
	Last Day of	July 7, 2025			20th year	12.50%	
	FIT Period	July 7, 2035		Projected Annual Energy	First Year	1,755.562 MWh	
	Property	Freehold			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,667.784 MWh	
	Right	Treenoid		Production	20th Year	1,580.006 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Concrete Foundation	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider Tohoku Sangyou					
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risutility operators and power interest, risks pertaining to the liabilimanaged appropriately in ac	producers, credithe Fund's asset ity associated wi	t risk, liquidity manager simu th renewable o	risk, regulato ltaneously ma energy facilitio	ory change risk, conflicts of anaging other funds, and es are controlled and	

Social	Contribution

This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.

## Items of Special Note

- With respect to the lease contract for the land on which this solar power plant has been built, the landowner (Miyakonojo City), in discussion with the leaseholder (Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK), may terminate the contract either during the contract period and during any renewed contract period in the event that any of the leaseholder, the central government, the local government, or a public organization deems it necessary that such land be used for another public purpose.
- While the boundary of land has not been determined with the owner of the adjacent land, there is sufficient space between the fence and the boundary as well as the solar power generation facilities and the boundary. The Fund does not plan to engage the adjacent landowner to determine boundaries because it is expected that this situation should not cause any legal dispute, and in fact no dispute has been raised as of the date of this release. The Fund's Risk Management Policy will include provisions to deal with this risk should it arise.

■ Lease De	tails
Leaseholder	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to July 7, 2035
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 36 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1 : Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2: Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2=PP\*mx2+MC+MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.

5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased
Property	property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such
Purchase	termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder
Option	immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Detail	ls			
Plant Name	Ichigo Miyakonojo Y	Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant		
Appraisal Value	JPY 464MM to JPY	616MM		
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	2.1%	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the respective		
Appraisal Value	JPY 616MM	JPY 616MM Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Discount Rate (IRR) 6.0%		Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value JPY 464MM		Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A		

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Miyakonojo

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Miyakonojo

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Miyazaki

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Miyakonojo are 1,939.6 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Miyakonojo is 35.0 m/s recorded on September 17, 1945, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 51.4 m/s recorded on October 14,1951.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Miyakonojo is less than 1cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 8cm recorded in 1963.

## Lightning Strikes

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced more than 6,001 individual lightning strikes and more than 161 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively high risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015 <sup>1</sup>	Aug 2015	Sep 2015	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	161,150	156,490	144,060	168,940	93,300	107,670
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,801,400	5,633,640	5,186,160	6,081,840	3,358,800	3,876,120
Operating Expense (yen)	2,323,699	2,355,819	2,646,245	2,359,681	2,365,421	2,367,962
Operating Profit (yen)	3,477,701	3,277,821	2,539,915	3,722,159	993,379	1,508,158
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	99,500	156,160	152,100	152,690	152,200	118,160
Operating Revenue (yen)	3,582,000	5,621,760	5,475,600	5,496,840	5,479,200	4,253,760
Operating Expense (yen)	2,653,497	2,709,841	2,710,849	2,708,810	2,683,790	2,683,299
Operating Profit (yen)	928,503	2,911,919	2,764,751	2,788,030	2,795,410	1,570,461

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total days of operation is 24 days as the production start date is July 8, 2015.

E-13	Ichigo Toyoka	awa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant					
Acquisition Date		December 1, 2016	Type			Solar Power Plant	
Acquisition Price		JPY 523MM		Renewable Energy Supplier		Ichigo Toyokawa Mitoch Sawakihama ECO Power Plant GK	
				Electric Util	ity Operator	Chubu Electric Power	
			Power	(Power Purchaser)		Company	
Appraisal Value		JPY 430MM to JPY	Purchase	FIT (Purchase Price)		JPY 32 kWh	
		571MM	Agreement	Last Day of FIT		The day immediately before the first metering	
(Appraisal Date)		(August 31, 2016)				day 240 months after September 16, 2015 (inclusive)	
Location		Mitocho Sawakihama, Toyo	kawa City, Aich	i Prefecture			
	Street Address	1-40		Panel Type		Poly-Crystal Silicon	
Land	Area	19,393.00 m <sup>2</sup>		Number of I	Panels	6,800	
	Form of Right	N/A		Panel Maker		Jinko Solar	
	Certification	February 13, 2015		Invertor Supplier		Hitachi	
	Date		_	EPC Contra		Daiwa House Industry	
	Production Start Date	September 16, 2015		Power Output		1.32 MW	
			Equipment	Power Factor Control in Grid Connection		90%	
	Remaining FIT Period	18 years and 9 months		Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization	First Year	13.97%	
F		To years and 7 months			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.27%	
Equipment	Last Day of FIT Period	September 15, 2035			20th year	12.57%	
				Projected	First Year	2,204.592 MWh	
	Property Right	Freehold		Annual Energy Production	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,094.362 MWh	
					20th Year	1,984.132 MWh	
				Solar Module Array Structure		Pile Foundation	
Collateral		None					
Operator		Ichigo ECO Energy Maintenance Service Provider				Daiwa House Industry	
Compliance with Risk Management Policy		Risks such as operational risk, market trends, macroeconomic conditions, demand trends of electric utility operators and power producers, credit risk, liquidity risk, regulatory change risk, conflicts of interest, risks pertaining to the Fund's asset manager simultaneously managing other funds, and risks pertaining to the liability associated with renewable energy facilities are controlled and managed appropriately in accordance with the Fund's risk management policy.					

	This power plant contributes to Japan's green energy self-sufficiency and reducing its dependence on				
Social Contribution	energy imports by providing safe renewable energy generation. It also contributes to the				
Social Contribution	development of a low-carbon society by providing renewable energy that produces fewer greenhouse				
	gas emissions during the power generation process compared to thermal combustion of fossil fuels.				
Items of Special Note					
1 1 1 0					

· According to the liquefaction hazard map issued by Toyokawa City, the site is specified as highly hazardous.

■ Lease Details				
Leaseholder	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant GK			
Lease Period	December 1, 2016 thru to September 15, 2035			
Lease Fee	<ol> <li>The leaseholder shall pay a base fee plus a performance-linked fee in each calculation period for the power plant as agreed in the Power Generation Facility Lease Contract (hereinafter the "Lease Contract").</li> <li>The Lease Contract defines the first calculation period as December 1, 2016 thru to June 30, 2017, subsequent calculation periods as July 1 of each year thru to June 30 of the following year, and the final calculation period as the latest occurring July 1 prior to the last day of the lease period thru to the end of the lease period.</li> <li>Technical Report refers to the September 2016 operational due diligence report of the Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant produced by E&amp;E Solutions.</li> <li>PP refers to the specific procurement price, excluding consumption and local consumption taxes, of JPY 32 per kWh applicable to this solar power facility.</li> <li>Administrative expense categorically refers to the following:         <ol> <li>Fees pertaining to the operation, maintenance, and repair of this solar power facility</li> <li>Rent paid for the land on which this solar power facility has been built</li> <li>Insurance premiums borne by the leaseholder</li> <li>Administrative expenses of the leaseholder (including administrative outsourcing fees and taxes)</li> <li>Taxes</li> <li>In addition to the above, any expense related to the operation, facilities, land, and leaseholder, including liabilities borne by third parties and the operator of this solar power facility that may arise during the course of executing its responsibilities set out in the Lease Contract or in the Project Contract.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>			

2. The base fee (R1) of each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 1 truncated. However, if the leaseholder suffers a loss of income or an increase in expense as a result of any failure, delay, or lack of cooperation by the Fund with respect to its repair obligation, then the base fee shall be reduced by the amount of lost income or increased expense.

R1 = X1 - Y1

X1: Projected revenue from electric power sales, in each calculation period, calculated as follows X1 = PP \* x1

x1: Projected energy production, in units of kWh, of this solar power facility for the corresponding calculation period, which is based on the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production shown in the Technical Report.

Y1: Projected administrative expense for each calculation period, defined as the total reported administrative expense of the leaseholder that has been disclosed on its business plan and approved by the Fund. However, for the purpose of calculating the base fee, operator fees are fixed at the amount that would be incurred assuming this power plant produces exactly the probability of exceedance (P85) forecasted energy production.

3. The performance-linked fee (R2) for each calculation period is calculated as shown in the following formula, with amounts smaller than JPY 0 set to equal JPY 0.

R2 = (X2 - Y2) - R1

X2 : Sum of the actual monthly measured revenues (MX2) from electric power sales during the calculation period (JPY)

MX2: Actual monthly measured revenue from electric power sales, calculated as follows:

MX2 = PP \* mx2 + MC + MI

mx2: Monthly power sales of the solar power facility as measured by the monitoring system of the operator

MC: Amount of output suppression compensation reported in a given month

MI: Profit insurance payment receipts reported in a given month

Y2: Actual administrative expense for each calculation period reported by the leaseholder. However, in calculating the performance-linked fee, the actual fee paid to the operator shall be used.

4. Notwithstanding 2 above, if output suppression not entailing compensation occurs in any given calculation period, then the base fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the base fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of each calculation period and settled before the settlement date set in the Lease Contract.

5. Notwithstanding 3 above, if a discrepancy between the actual power sales measured by the monitoring system and measured on the metering date occurs, then the performance-linked fee may be adjusted subject to discussion between the Fund and leaseholder. Any adjustment of the performance-linked fee must be agreed between the Fund and leaseholder within 20 days of the end of the relevant half-term (January to June and July to December), and settled within two months from the end of the relevant half-term and in accordance with the terms of the Lease Contract.

With respect to the Project Contract, Ichigo ECO Energy is jointly and severally liable for base fee payment obligations borne by Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant GK in relation to the Lease Contract of the Fund.

Deposits/ Guarantees

N/A

Contract Renewal at Maturity	If the Fund or the leaseholder wishes to renew the lease with respect to the solar power plant, then this must be communicated to the other party at least six months before the last day of the lease period. In such a case, the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for contract renewal and specific contract terms, and execute a new contract if agreed upon.
Lease Fee Revisions	If inflation results in a reduction in the real value of the lease fees, then upon request from the Fund, the leaseholder must consider a change in the lease fees. In making such a request, the Fund must reasonably consider any changes or expected changes in the FIT. If a change in the electric utility operator which purchases the power plant's electricity occurs, then the leaseholder and Fund shall discuss, in good faith, an increase in fees taking into consideration such change and any change in the FIT as well as general price trends and macroeconomic conditions.
Cancellation Before Maturity	<ol> <li>The Fund and leaseholder may, in writing, request a cancellation of contract to be effective any time beyond December 1, 2026. However, in order to be deemed effective, such request must be received by the other party no later than June 30, 2026, or in the case that this is not a business day for either party, then before the immediately preceding business day.</li> <li>If a request for cancellation is made beyond the date specified immediately above, then the Fund and leaseholder shall discuss, in good faith, the need for such cancellation and any specific terms.</li> </ol>
Lease	On any date starting one year before the last day of the lease period, the leaseholder may acquire the leased
Property	property from the Fund by paying an amount equivalent to the fair market value of the solar power plant as of such
Purchase	termination date. Ownership of the solar power plant shall be transferred from the Fund to the leaseholder
Option	immediately upon settlement of such amount in full.
Penalties	N/A
Method for	
Contract	N/A
Renewal	

■ Valuation Report Detai	ls			
Plant Name	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant			
Appraisal Value	JPY 430MM to JPY 571MM			
Appraiser	PwC Sustainability			
Appraisal Date	August 31, 2016			
Discount Rate (WACC)	A weighted average of the cost of equity (estimated based on the res beta values of TSE-listed REITs between September 2011 and Augu and the cost of debt during the appraisal period			
Appraisal Value JPY 571MM		Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Discount Rate (IRR) 6.0%		Calculated taking the mid-point of METI's expected IRR for solar power plants under the FIT in its Opinion on Procurement Prices and Procurement Period (2015) and the actual realized IRR's on currently operating solar power plants under the FIT		
Appraisal Value	JPY 430MM	Calculated using a DCF method (income approach) to discount future expected free cash flows by a risk-adjusted discount rate as of the date of acquisition of the solar power plant by the Fund		
Other Factors Considered by the Appraiser in its Appraisal		N/A		

## **■** Meteorological Details

Meteorological data used to calculate power production was obtained as follows:

Closest meteorological weather station: Gamagori

Location used in METPV-11 (hourly solar radiation data on an inclined surface): Gamagori

Meteorological office used to obtain annual variability of daylight and depth of snow fall: Nagoya

#### Hours of Sunshine

Aggregate annual hours of sunshine for Gamagori are 2,125.6 hours, which is greater than the national average of 1,896.5 hours for prefectural capitals.

# Wind Speed

The maximum recorded wind speed for Gamagori is 14.6 m/s recorded on September 9, 2015, and the maximum for instantaneous wind speed is 28.7 m/s recorded on October 8, 2009.

#### Snow Fall Depth

Average snow fall in Nagoya is 8cm. Maximum recorded depth since 1962 is 23cm recorded in 2006 and 2015.

## **Lightning Strikes**

The area in which this solar plant operates experienced 1,501 to 3,000 individual lightning strikes and 41 to 80 days of strikes during 2011 thru 2015, and therefore has a relatively low risk of lightning strikes.

■ Prior Years Earnings						
	July 2015	Aug 2015	Sep 2015 <sup>1</sup>	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015
Power Generation (kWh)	_		192,432	184,368	129,096	154,224
Operating Revenue (yen)	_		7,314,948	5,899,776	4,131,072	4,935,168
Operating Expense (yen)	_		3,359,587	3,344,805	3,361,465	3,361,465
Operating Profit (yen)	_		3,955,361	2,554,971	769,607	1,573,703
	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2016
Power Generation (kWh)	166,008	188,832	235,752	235,848	231,120	218,856
Operating Revenue (yen)	5,312,256	6,042,624	7,544,064	7,547,136	7,395,840	7,003,392
Operating Expense (yen)	3,697,365	3,697,336	3,717,662	3,721,752	3,583,752	3,578,200
Operating Profit (yen)	1,614,891	2,345,288	3,826,402	3,825,384	3,812,088	3,425,192

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total days of operation is 15 days as the production start date is September 16, 2015.

# Operator Details

Ichigo ECO Energy is the operator for all 13 solar power plants.

Name	Ichigo ECO Energy			
Location	1-1-1 Uchisaiwaicho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo			
Representative	Eiichiro Gotoh, President			
Business	<ul> <li>Generation and provision of renewable energy</li> <li>Provision of engineering and consulting services with respect to environmental conservation</li> <li>Other consulting services such as LED deployment</li> </ul>			
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100MM (as of February 29, 2016)			
Established	November 28, 2012			
Net Assets	JPY 211MM (as of February 29, 2016)			
Total Assets	JPY 5,558MM (as of February 29, 2016)			
Major Shareholder	Ichigo Inc. (100%)			
Relationship to the Fund an	d its Asset Manager			
Capital	The Operator is a subsidiary of Ichigo Inc., the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager, and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.			
Personnel	Although the Operator does not have any personnel relationship of note with the Fund or its Asset Manager, the parent company of the Operator, Ichigo Inc., has personnel relationships with the Asset Manager.			
Transactions	The Operator and the Fund have executed a lease agreement with respect to the Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii Eco Power Plant. With the exception of the Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii Eco Power Plant, the Operator has executed project agreements with the Fund and the respective sellers of the solar power plants. The Operator, the Fund's Asset Manager, and Ichigo Inc. have in place an agreement that specifies the preferential provision of relevant real estate information and negotiating rights.			
Details of Related Parties	The Operator is a related party to the Fund and its Asset Manager.			

## Solar Power Plant Technical Report Details

The Fund has obtained a technical report from E&E Solutions that assesses each plant's solar power generation system, power generation capacity, various contracts related to the solar power plants, and the sustainability of the solar power plants with respect to functional degradation and environmental conditions.

E&E Solutions does not have any capital, personnel, or business relationship of note with the Fund or with its asset manager.

No.	Solar Power Plant	Report Date		nnual Power on (MWh)	Projecte Generation Utilizat	n Capacity	Forecast 20-Year Repair Costs (JPY million) <sup>1</sup>
			First Year	1,595.784	First Year	13.66	
E-01	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa	September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,515.994	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.98	10.88
			20th Year	1,436.205	20th Year	12.29	
			First Year	1,592.485	First Year	12.99	
E-02	Ichigo Motomombetsu	September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,512.861	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.34	10.88
			20th Year	1,433.237	20 <sup>th</sup> Year	11.69	
			First Year	1,479.687	First Year	13.56	10.88
E-03	Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira	September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,405.703	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.88	
			20th Year	1,331.719	20th Year	12.20	
	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa	September 2016	First Year	1,257.442	First Year	12.82	10.88
E-04			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,194.570	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.18	
			20th Year	1,131.698	20th Year	11.53	
	Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi	September 2016	First Year	1,459.011	First Year	13.44	10.88
E-05			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,386.061	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.77	
			20 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,313.110	20 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.10	
	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka	September 2016	First Year	2,281.047	First Year	13.48	
E-06			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,166.994	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.80	16.32
			20th Year	2,052.942	20th Year	12.13	
	Ichigo Abira Toasa	September 2016	First Year	1,346.904	First Year	13.18	
E-07			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,279.559	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.52	10.88
			20th Year	1,212.213	20th Year	11.86	
			First Year	1,316.179	First Year	14.59	
E-08	Ichigo Toyokoro	September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,250.370	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.86	10.88
			20th Year	1,184.561	20th Year	13.13	
		September 2016	First Year	9,865.414	First Year	13.34	
E-09	Ichigo Nago Futami		10 <sup>th</sup> Year	9,372.143	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.67	70.72
			20th Year	8,878.873	20th Year	12.00	

No.	Solar Power Plant	Date of Technical Report	Projected Annual Power Generation (MWh)  Projected Power Generation Capacity Utilization (%)		Forecast 20-Year Repair Costs (JPY million) <sup>1</sup>		
		September 2016	First Year	1,375.139	First Year	12.64	
E-10	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi		10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,306.382	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.00	10.88
			20th Year	1,237.625	20th Year	11.37	
	Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii		First Year	3,118.660	First Year	14.64	
E-11		September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,962.727	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.90	21.76
			20th Year	2,806.794	20th Year	13.17	
	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho		First Year	1,755.562	First Year	13.88	
E-12		September 2016	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	1,667.784	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.19	14.36
			20th Year	1,580.006	20th Year	12.50	
E-13	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama	September 2016	First Year	2,204.592	First Year	13.97	
			10 <sup>th</sup> Year	2,094.362	10 <sup>th</sup> Year	13.27	14.36
			20th Year	1,984.132	20 <sup>th</sup> Year	12.57	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Repair costs are the aggregate expected cost of replacing critical components over a 20-year period and are taken from the technical report produced by E&E Solutions.

#### Seismic Risk Assessment

As part of its due diligence process, the Fund has obtained an assessment of seismic risk with respect to the solar power plants from Aioi Nissay Dowa Insurance and InterRisk Research Institute & Consulting.

Neither the Fund nor its asset manager has any capital, personnel, or business relationship of note with Aioi Nissay Dowa Insurance and InterRisk Research Institute & Consulting.

No.	Solar Power Plant	PML (%) <sup>1</sup>	% of Occurrence <sup>2</sup>
E-01	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa	0.21	Less than 1%
E-02	Ichigo Motomombetsu	0.21	Less than 1%
E-03	Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira	0.21	Less than 1%
E-04	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa	0.21	Less than 1%
E-05	Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi	0.21	Less than 1%
E-06	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka	0.21	Less than 1%
E-07	Ichigo Abira Toasa	0.21	Less than 1%
E-08	Ichigo Toyokoro	0.21	Less than 1%
E-09	Ichigo Nago Futami	0.21	Less than 1%
E-10	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi	0.21	Less than 1%
E-11	Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii	0.21	Less than 1%
E-12	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho	0.21	Less than 1%
E-13	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama	0.21	Less than 1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1,2</sup> PML (Probable Maximum Loss) is the maximum expected loss from a large-scale earthquake (defined as an earthquake with an expected frequency of occurrence once every 475 years, or a 10% chance of occurrence within the next 50 years) occurring in the next 50 years, expressed as a ratio to the estimated replacement cost.

## IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa ECO Power Plant (E-01)	
Seller	Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	March 29, 2013	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 413MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Motomombetsu ECO Power Plant (E-02)	
Seller	Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	July 10, 2013	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 410MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund a	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira ECO Power Plant (E-03)
Seller	Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh
Business	Power Generation
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)
Established	July 10, 2013
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Total Assets	JPY 406MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant (E-04)		
Seller	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant GK		
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo		
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh		
Business	Power Generation		
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)		
Established	November 21, 2013		
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)		
Total Assets	JPY 319MM (as of January 31, 2016)		
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)		
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager		
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.		
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.		
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.		
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.		

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi ECO Power Plant (E-05)	
Seller	Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	July 10, 2013	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 389MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant (E-06)	
Seller	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	November 21, 2013	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 636MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 3 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund a	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant (E-07)
Seller	Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 10 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh
Business	Power Generation
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)
Established	June 24, 2014
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Total Assets	JPY 374MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 10 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant (E-08)
Seller	Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant GK
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 9 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh
Business	Power Generation
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)
Established	May 22, 2014
Net Assets	JPY -8MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Total Assets	JPY 324MM (as of January 31, 2016)
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 9 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)
Relationship to the Fund a	and its Asset Manager
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Nago Futami ECO Power Plant (E-09)	
Seller	Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	March 18, 2010	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 2,981MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 2 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant (E-10)	
Seller	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 10 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	June 24, 2014	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 387MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 10 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund a	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho ECO Power Plant (E-11)	
Seller	Ichigo ECO Energy	
Location	1-1-1 Uchisaiwaicho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Eiichiro Gotoh, President	
Business	<ul> <li>Generation and provision of renewable energy</li> <li>Provision of engineering and consulting services with respect to environmental conservation</li> <li>Other consulting services such as LED deployment</li> </ul>	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100MM (as of February 29, 2016)	
Established	November 28, 2012	
Net Assets	JPY 211MM (as of February 29, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 5,558MM (as of February 29, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo Inc. (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller is a subsidiary of Ichigo Inc., the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager, and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	
Personnel	Although the Seller does not have any personnel relationship of note with the Fund or its Asset Manager, the parent company of the Seller, Ichigo Inc., has personnel relationships with the Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund's Asset Manager, and Ichigo Inc. have in place an agreement that specifies the preferential provision of relevant real estate information and negotiating rights.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a related party to the Fund and its Asset Manager.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant (E-12)	
Seller	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK	
Location	4866-2 Jinnoyamacho, Miyakonojo City, Miyagi Prefecture	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 8 Ippan Shadan Hojin Eiichiro Gotoh	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	January 21, 2014	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 417MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 8 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	The Seller is a subsidiary of the parent of the Fund's Asset Manager and is a related party as defined in the Investment Law.	

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant (E-13)	
Seller	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant GK	
Location	1-1-7 Motoakasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo	
Representative	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 15 Ippan Shadan Hojin Terumitsu Nozaka	
Business	Power Generation	
Paid-In Capital	JPY 100,000 (as of January 31, 2016)	
Established	March 18, 2015	
Net Assets	JPY 0MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Total Assets	JPY 516MM (as of January 31, 2016)	
Major Shareholder	Ichigo ECO Power Plant 15 Ippan Shadan Hojin (100%)	
Relationship to the Fund a	and its Asset Manager	
Capital	The Seller does not have capital relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Personnel	The Seller does not have personnel relationship of note with the Fund or the Fund's Asset Manager.	
Transactions	The Seller and the Fund have executed a lease agreement. The Seller, the Fund, and Ichigo ECO Energy have executed a project agreement.	
Details of Related Parties	N/A	

## V. Solar Power Plant Prior Owner Details

Solar Power Plant Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa E		Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa ECO Power Pla	ant (E-01)
Ov	wners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo ECO Kiryu Okuzawa Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	September 2013 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Motomombetsu ECO Power Plant (E-02)	
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo ECO Motomombetsu Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	- (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	January 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira ECO Power Plant (E-03)	
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo ECO Muroran Hatchodaira Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	- (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	February 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant (E-04)	
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa ECO Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	February 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi ECO Power Plant (E-05)	
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo ECO Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	- (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	March 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant (E-06)	
Ov	vners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka ECO Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	- (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	October 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant (E-07)	
Ov	vners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo Abira Toasa ECO Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	November 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant (E-08)	
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner
	Name	Ichigo Toyokoro ECO Power Plant GK	N/A
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A
	Acquisition Date	November 2014 (Plant built)	N/A

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Nago Futami ECO Power Plant (E-09)		
Ov	vners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner	
	Name	Ichigo ECO Nago Futami Power Plant GK	N/A	
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A	
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A	
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A	
	Acquisition Date	January 2015 (Plant built)	N/A	

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant (E-10)			
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner		
	Name	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi ECO Power Plant GK	N/A		
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A		
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A		
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A		
	Acquisition Date	January 2015 (Plant built)	N/A		

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii ECO Power Plant (E-11)		
Ov	vners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner	
	Name	Ichigo ECO Energy	Non-Related Party	
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A	
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A	
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 2)	N/A	
	Acquisition Date	January/April 2014, September 2016 (Land acquired) May 2015 (Plant built)	N/A	

Solar Power Plant		Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant (E-12)			
Owners		Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner		
	Name	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho ECO Power Plant GK	N/A		
	Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A		
	Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A		
	Acquisition Price	— (Note 1)	N/A		
	Acquisition Date	January 2015 (Plant built)	N/A		

Solar Power Plant	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant (E-13)			
Owners	Prior Owner	Owner before Prior Owner		
Name	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama ECO Power Plant GK	N/A		
Related Party Details	Please refer to the above section IV. Solar Power Plant Seller Details	N/A		
Acquisition Rationale	Investment	N/A		
Acquisition Price	- (Note 1)	N/A		
Acquisition Date	August 2015 (Plant built)	N/A		

(Note 1) Acquisition Price is omitted as there is no prior owner to the solar power plant.

(Note 2) While parts of the land were acquired within the past year, Acquisition Price is not shown because the owner before the prior owner has not consented to disclose this information. Acquisition Price for other land is not shown because the land was acquired more than a year ago and there is no owner before the prior owner.

#### VI. Broker Details

There were no brokers involved in the acquisition of the 13 solar power plants.

## VII. Earnings Outlook

Ichigo Green Infrastructure Fund's earnings outlook for the June 2017 fiscal period, the December 2017 half-term, and the June 2018 fiscal period are as disclosed in today's announcement "Earnings and Dividend Forecasts for the June 2017 and June 2018 Fiscal Periods".

# VIII. Summary of the Opinion on Profitability of Infrastructure Investment Assets and of the Opinion on the Earnings Sustainability of Infrastructure Investment Assets

The thirteen solar power plants acquired are not subject to these opinions, and therefore, not applicable.

Appendix: Post-Acquisition Portfolio

No.	Solar Power Plant	Location	Acquisition Price <sup>1</sup> (JPY million)	Panel Output (MW)	Feed-In Tariff (FIT) (JPY/kWh)	Portfolio Weight (%)
E-01	Ichigo Kiryu Okuzawa	Gunma	489	1.33	40	4.88
E-02	Ichigo Motomombetsu	Hokkaido	495	1.40	40	4.94
E-03	Ichigo Muroran Hatchodaira	Hokkaido	467	1.25	40	4.66
E-04	Ichigo Engaru Kiyokawa	Hokkaido	398	1.12	40	3.97
E-05	Ichigo Iyo Nakayamacho Izubuchi	Shikoku	471	1.24	40	4.70
E-06	Ichigo Nakashibetsu Midorigaoka	Hokkaido	770	1.93	40	7.69
E-07	Ichigo Abira Toasa	Hokkaido	441	1.17	40	4.40
E-08	Ichigo Toyokoro	Hokkaido	434	1.03	40	4.33
E-09	Ichigo Nago Futami	Okinawa	3,425	8.44	40	34.19
E-10	Ichigo Engaru Higashimachi	Hokkaido	464	1.24	40	4.63
E-11	Ichigo Takamatsu Kokubunjicho Nii	Shikoku	1,124	2.43	36	11.22
E-12	Ichigo Miyakonojo Yasuhisacho	Kyushu	517	1.44	36	5.16
E-13	Ichigo Toyokawa Mitocho Sawakihama	Aichi	523	1.80	32	5.22
Total			10,018	25.83	38.82	100.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Acquisition Price excludes incidental expenses such as property, city planning, and consumption taxes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Panel Output is derived by multiplying the maximum output of a single solar panel by the total number of panels, and truncated to the nearest hundredth. Therefore, the sum of panel output for each solar power plant does not match the total panel output for the entire portfolio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Feed-In Tariff (FIT) excludes consumption and local taxes as indicated in the respective Power Purchase Agreements for each solar power plant. The Feed-In Tariff (FIT) Total is a weighted average based on each plant's panel output.

<sup>\*</sup> Distribution of this material: the Kabuto Club, the press club of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport, and Tourism, and the press club for construction industry newspapers at the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport, and Tourism

<sup>\*</sup> The website of the Fund is scheduled for launch later today.